

# ΒΙΟΛΟΓΙΚΕΣ ΘΕΡΑΠΕΙΕΣ ΣΕ “OFF-LABEL” ΕΝΔΕΙΞΕΙΣ

**Σκληρόδερμα, μυοσίτιδες, αγγειίτιδες**

*Εαρινές Ημέρες, Βόλος, Ιούνιος 2018*



**ΣΤΑΜΑΤΗΣ-ΝΙΚΟΣ ΛΙΟΣΗΣ**  
**Καθηγ. Παθολογίας-Ρευματολογίας**  
**Ιατρικό Τμήμα Πανεπιστημίου Πατρών**  
**Δ/ντής, Ρευματολογικό Τμήμα ΠΓΝΠ**

## ΣΥΓΚΡΟΥΣΗ ΣΥΜΦΕΡΟΝΤΩΝ

### Honoraria

- Genesis Pharma
- GSK
- BMS
- MSD
- Novartis
- Janssen
- Pfizer
- Roche
- Actelion

### Χρηματοδότηση Ερευν. προγραμμάτων (ΕΛΚΕ Πανεπ. Πατρών)

- Aenorasis
- ΕΡΕ-ΕΠΕΡΕ
- Specifar
- BMS
- Hospital Line
- MSD

# Σκληρόδερμα

## Off-label βιολογικές θεραπείες

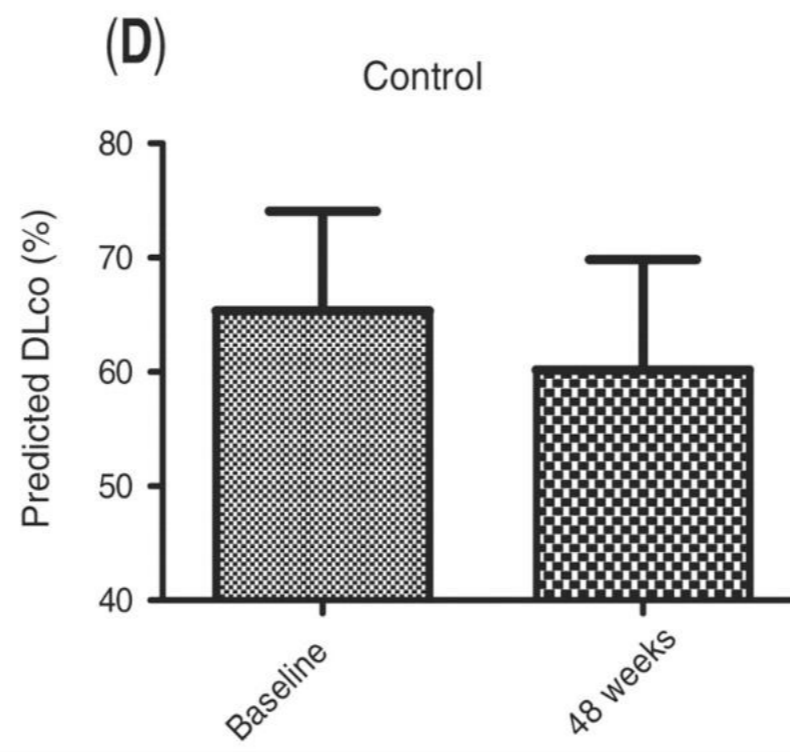
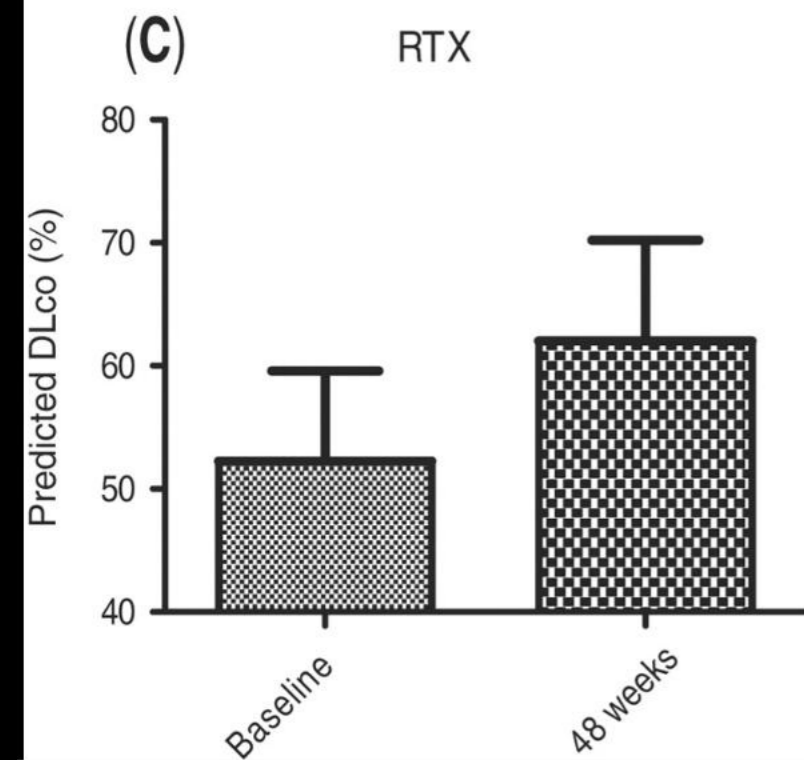
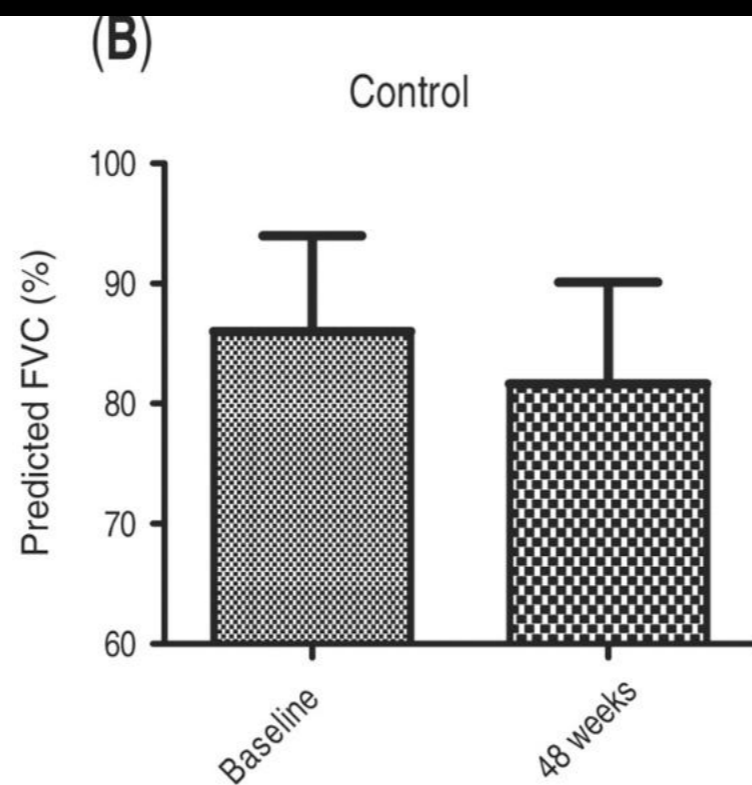
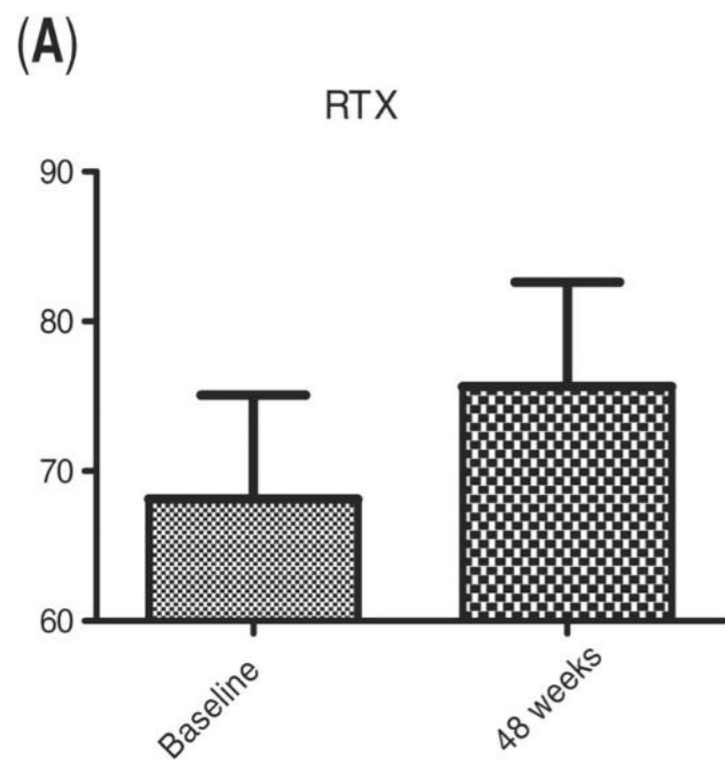
Rituximab  
Tocilizumab  
Belimumab

Original article

**Experience with rituximab in scleroderma: results from a 1-year, proof-of-principle study**

**Dimitrios Daoussis<sup>1,\*</sup>, Stamatis-Nick C. Liossis<sup>1,\*</sup>, Athanassios C. Tsamandas<sup>2</sup>,  
Christina Kalogeropoulou<sup>3</sup>, Alexandra Kazantzi<sup>3</sup>, Chaido Sirinian<sup>2</sup>,  
Maria Karampetsou<sup>1</sup>, Georgios Yiannopoulos<sup>1</sup> and Andrew P. Andonopoulos<sup>1</sup>**

*Η μελέτη αυτή χρηματοδοτήθηκε από την ΕΡΕ*



**Experience with rituximab in scleroderma: results from a 1-year, proof-of-principle study**

Dimitrios Daoussis<sup>1,\*</sup>, Stamatios-Nick C. Liossis<sup>1,\*</sup>, Athanassios C. Tsamandas<sup>2</sup>, Christina Kalogeropoulou<sup>3</sup>, Alexandra Kazantzi<sup>3</sup>, Chaido Sirinian<sup>2</sup>, Maria Karampetsou<sup>1</sup>, Georgios Yiannopoulos<sup>1</sup> and Andrew P. Andonopoulos<sup>1</sup>

# A multicenter, open-label, comparative study of B-cell depletion therapy with Rituximab for systemic sclerosis-associated interstitial lung disease<sup>☆</sup>

Dimitrios Daoussis, MD<sup>a,\*</sup>, Konstantinos Melissaropoulos, MD<sup>a,1</sup>, Georgios Sakellaropoulos<sup>e</sup>, Ioannis Antonopoulos, MD<sup>a</sup>, Theodora E. Markatseli, MD<sup>b</sup>, Theodora Simopoulou, MD<sup>c</sup>, Panagiotis Georgiou, MD<sup>d</sup>, Andrew P. Andonopoulos, MD<sup>a</sup>, Alexandros A. Drosos, MD<sup>b</sup>, Lazaros Sakkas, MD, DM, PhD(UK), FRCP(UK)<sup>c</sup>, Stamatis-Nick Liossis, MD<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Division of Rheumatology, Department of Internal Medicine, Patras University Hospital, University of Patras Medical School, 26504 Rion, Patras, Greece

<sup>b</sup> Department of Rheumatology, Ioannina University Hospital, University of Ioannina Medical School, Ioannina, Greece

<sup>c</sup> Department of Rheumatology, Larissa University Hospital, University of Thessaly Medical School, Larissa, Greece

<sup>d</sup> Department of Rheumatology, Agios Andreas District Hospital, Patras, Greece

<sup>e</sup> Department of Medical Physics, University of Patras, Patras, Greece

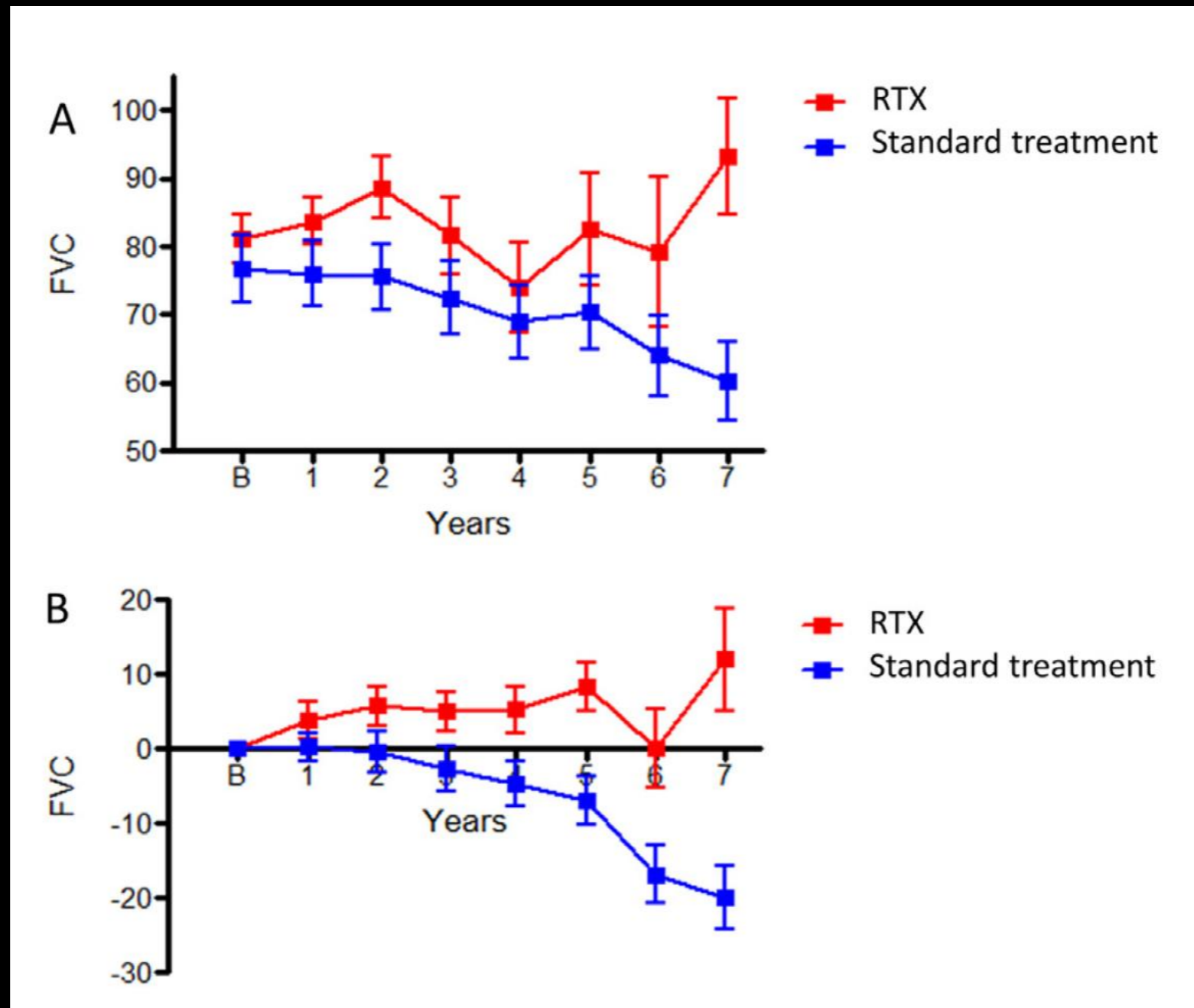
**Table**  
Baseline demographic and clinical characteristics of the RTX cohort matched with the control cohort

	RTX cohort	Control cohort	<i>p</i> Value
Patients, <i>n</i>	33	18	
Age mean, years $\pm$ SD	54.3 $\pm$ 14.33	52.11 $\pm$ 16.10	0.62
Female sex (%)	25/33 (75.8)	16/18 (88.9)	0.46
Disease duration mean in years (range)	5.73 (1–28)	2.56 (1–10)	0.012
Autoantibodies positive			
Scl70 (%)	25/33 (75.8)	14/18 (77.8)	1.00
ACA (%)	3/33 (9.1)	3/18 (16.7)	0.65
Other (%)	5/33 (15.1)	1/18 (5.5)	0.40
Disease subtype			
Diffuse (%)	30/33 (90.9)	14/18 (77.8)	0.22
Limited (%)	3/33 (9.1)	4/18 (22.2)	0.22
Pulmonary hypertension (%) <sup>a</sup>	6/33 (18.2)	5/18 (27.8)	0.48
MRSS, mean $\pm$ SD	14.72 $\pm$ 10.52	17.78 $\pm$ 9.48	0.31
FVC, mean $\pm$ SD	80.60 $\pm$ 21.21	77.72 $\pm$ 18.29	0.63
DLCO, mean $\pm$ SD	59.22 $\pm$ 18.17	64.24 $\pm$ 25.56	0.42
Concurrent medication			
Prednisolone(or equivalent) (%)	18/33 (54.5)	17/18 (94.4)	
Methotrexate (%)	2/33 (6.1)	6/18 (33.3)	
Mycophenolate (%)	10/33 (30.3)	10/18 (55.5)	
Azathioprine (%)	0/33 (0.0)	2/18 (11.1)	
Hydroxychloroquine (%)	1/33 (3.0)	0/18 (0.0)	

*p* Value refers to the comparison of the variables presented between the two cohorts. Level of statistical significance is set to 0.05.

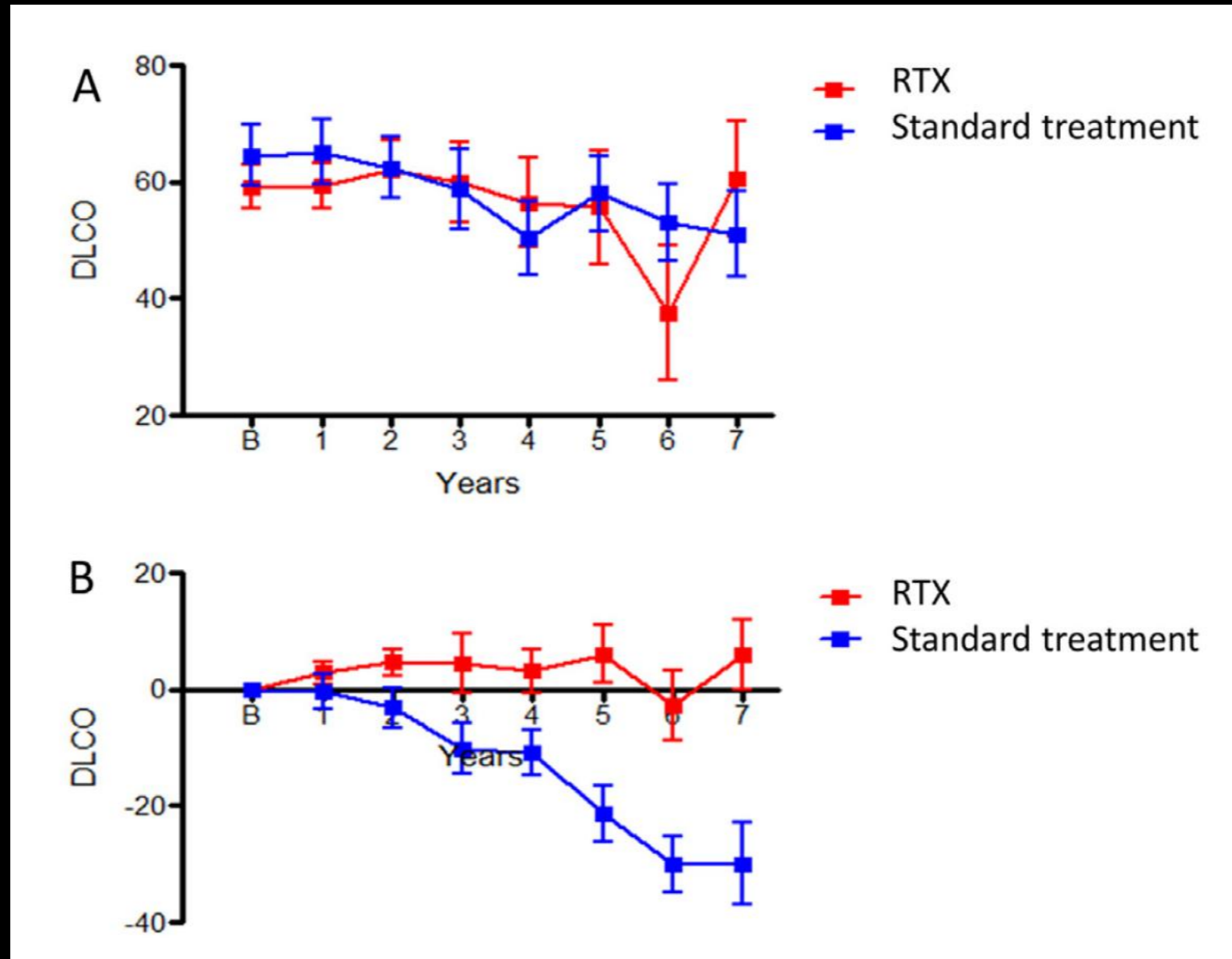
<sup>a</sup> Based on ultrasound PASP values.

# RTX vs. Standard Tx: Επίδραση στην FVC

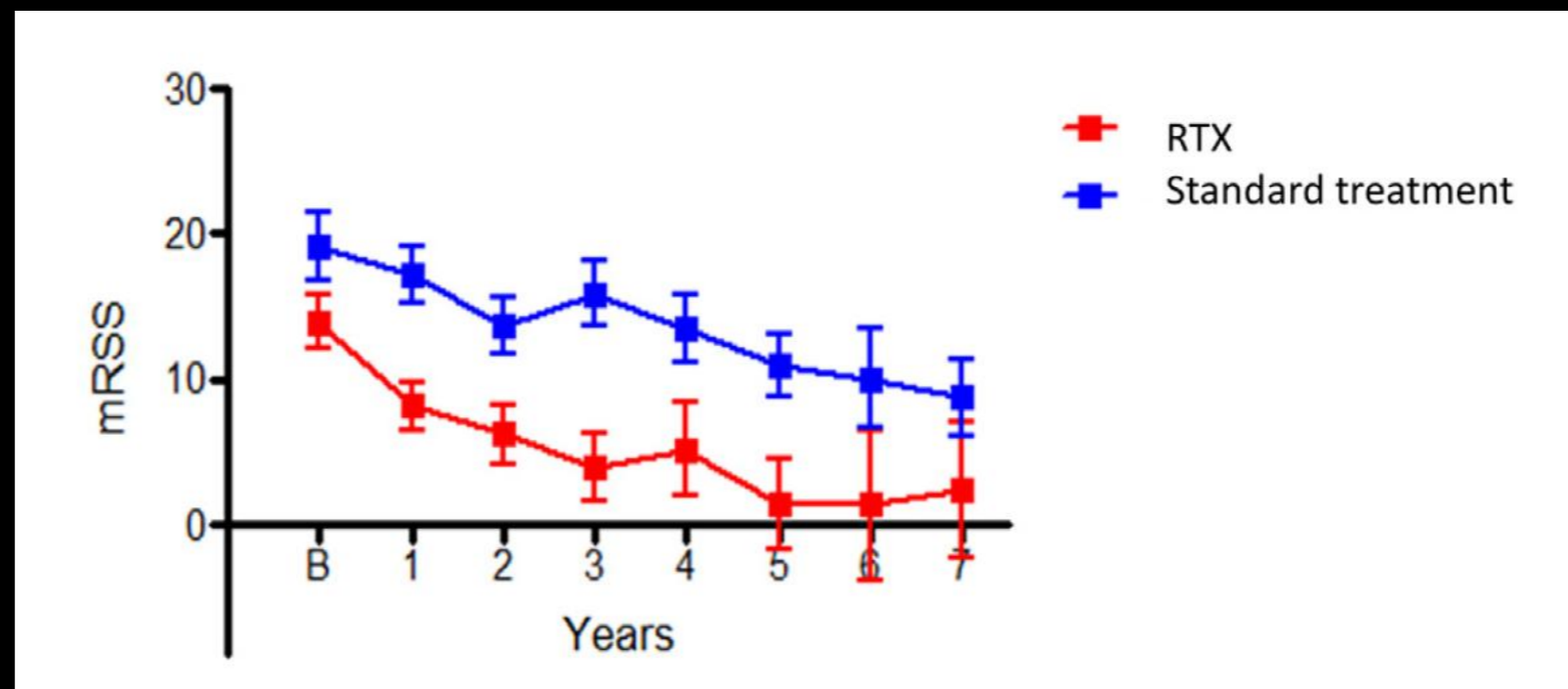




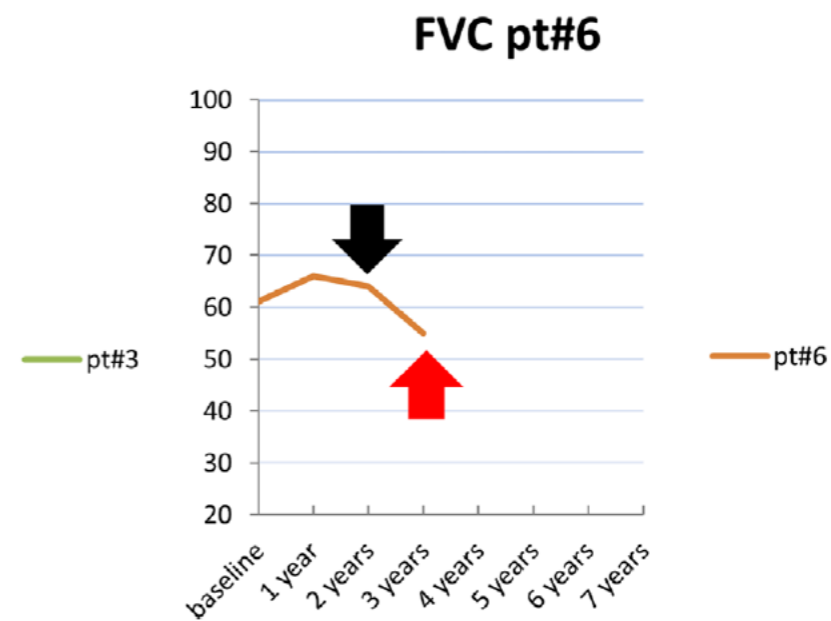
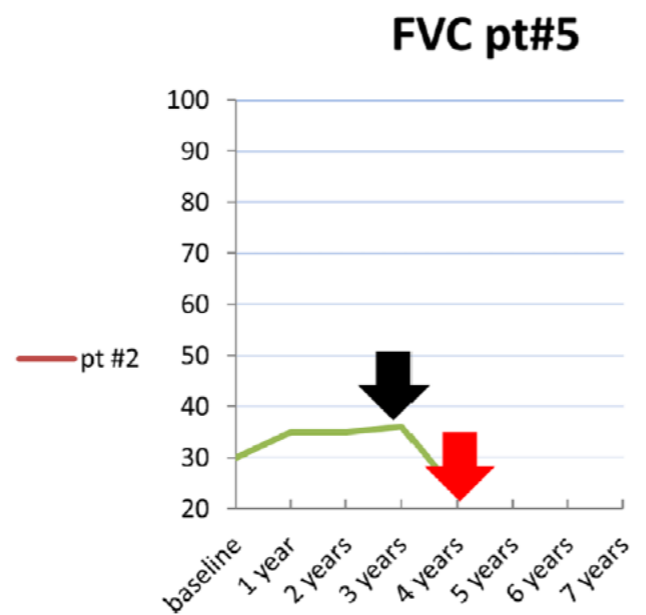
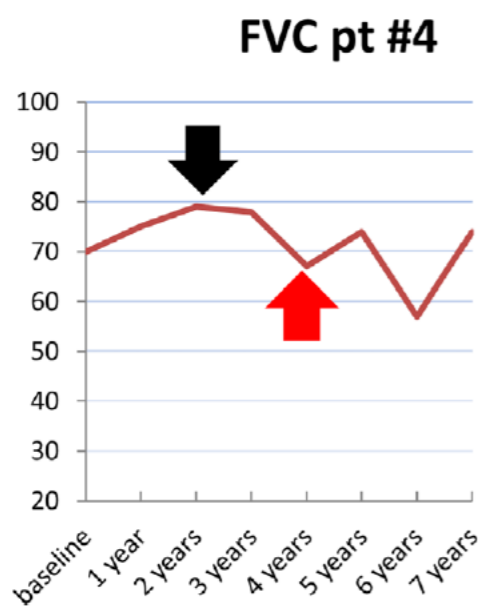
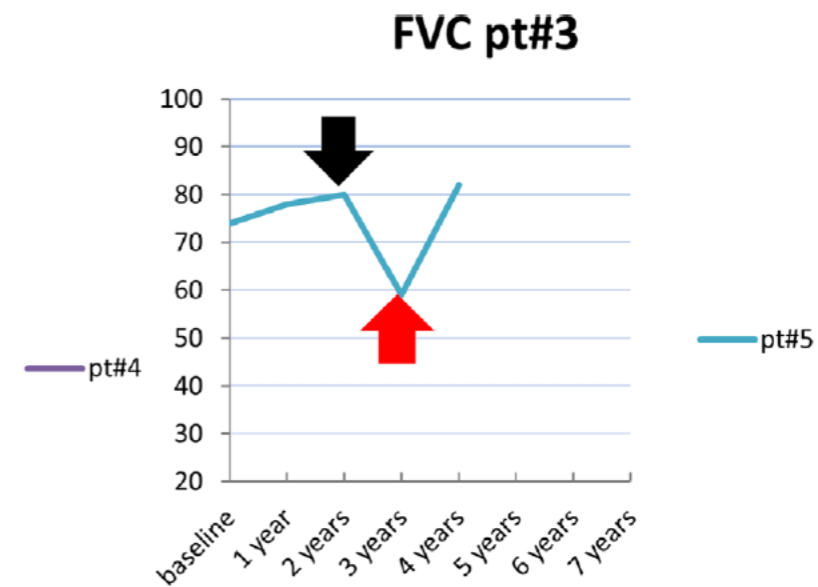
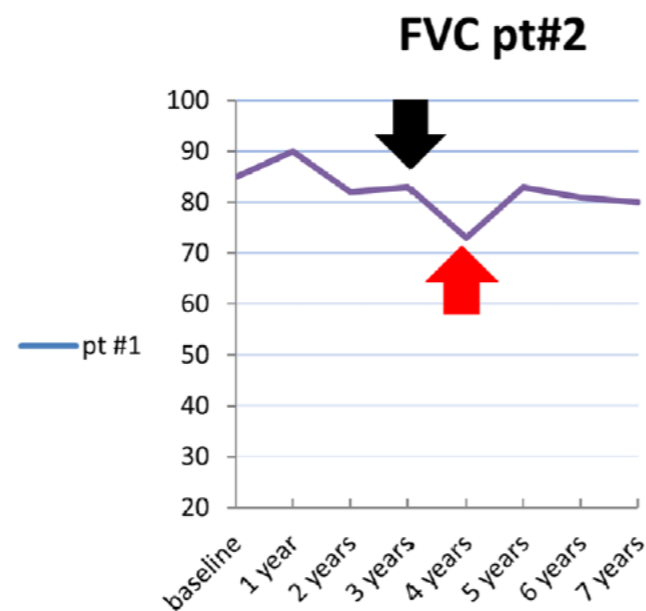
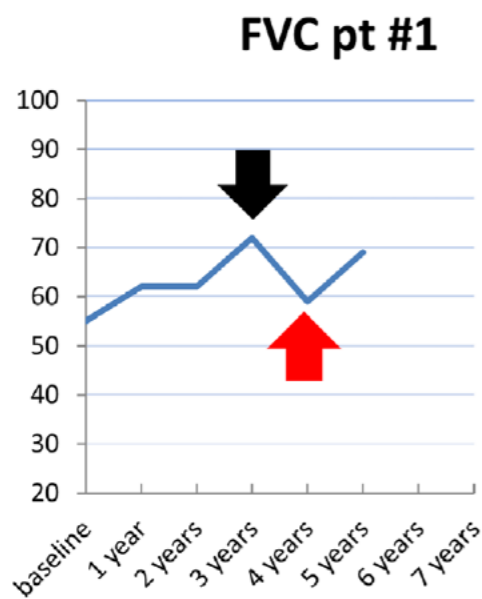
# RTX vs. Standard Tx: Επίδραση στη διαχυτική ικανότητα CO



# RTX vs. Standard Tx: Επίδραση στο δέρμα



# Διακοπή & Επανεναρξη RTX



# Safety and efficacy of subcutaneous tocilizumab in adults with systemic sclerosis (faSScinate): a phase 2, randomised, controlled trial

*Dinesh Khanna, Christopher P Denton, Angelika Jahreis, Jacob M van Laar, Tracy M Frech, Marina E Anderson, Murray Baron, Lorinda Chung, Gerhard Fierlbeck, Santhanam Lakshminarayanan, Yannick Allanore, Janet E Pope, Gabriela Riemekasten, Virginia Steen, Ulf Müller-Ladner, Robert Lafyatis, Giuseppina Stifano, Helen Spotswood, Haiyin Chen-Harris, Sebastian Dziadek, Alyssa Morimoto, Thierry Sornasse, Jeffrey Siegel, Daniel E Furst*

*Lancet 2016; 387: 2630–40*

## Κύριο καταληκτικό σημείο: Βελτίωση στο δέρμα...

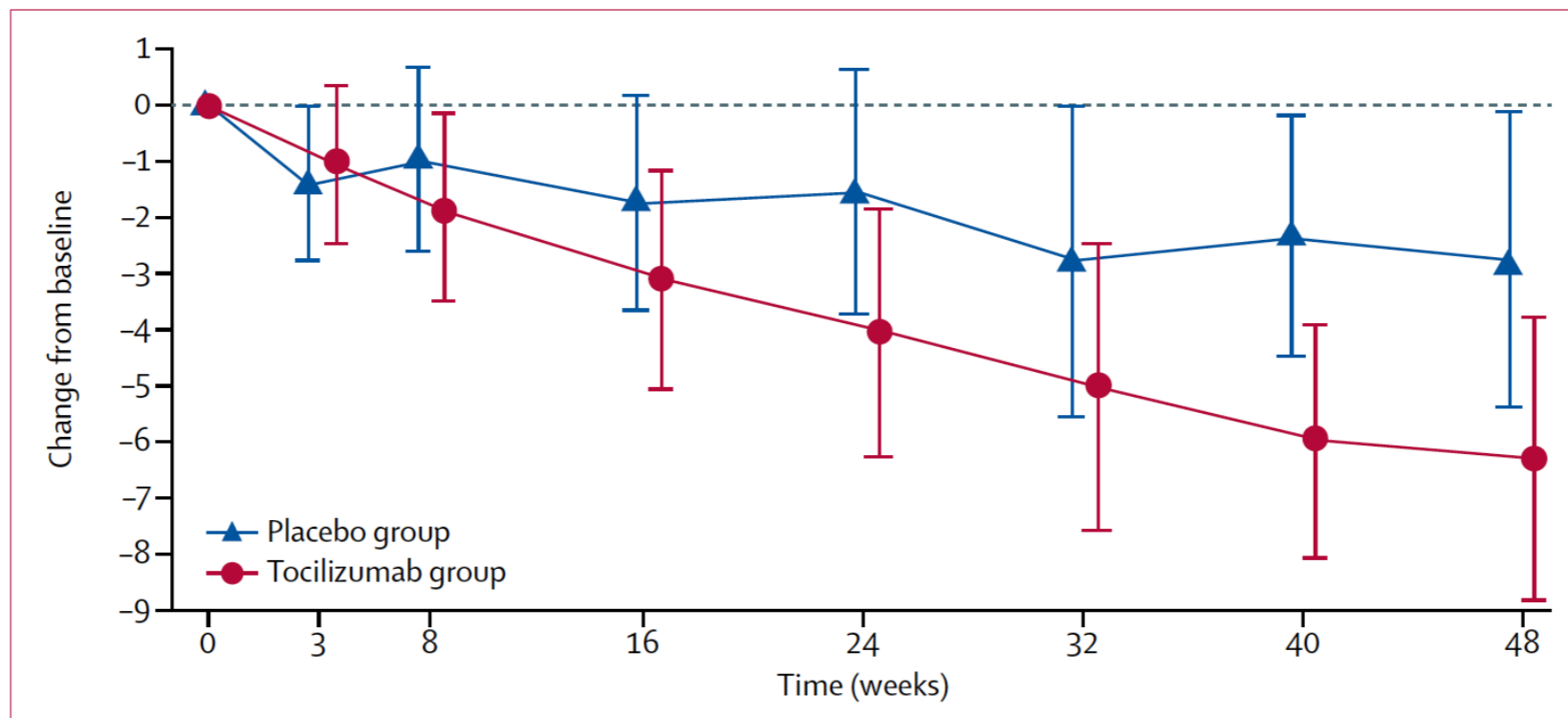


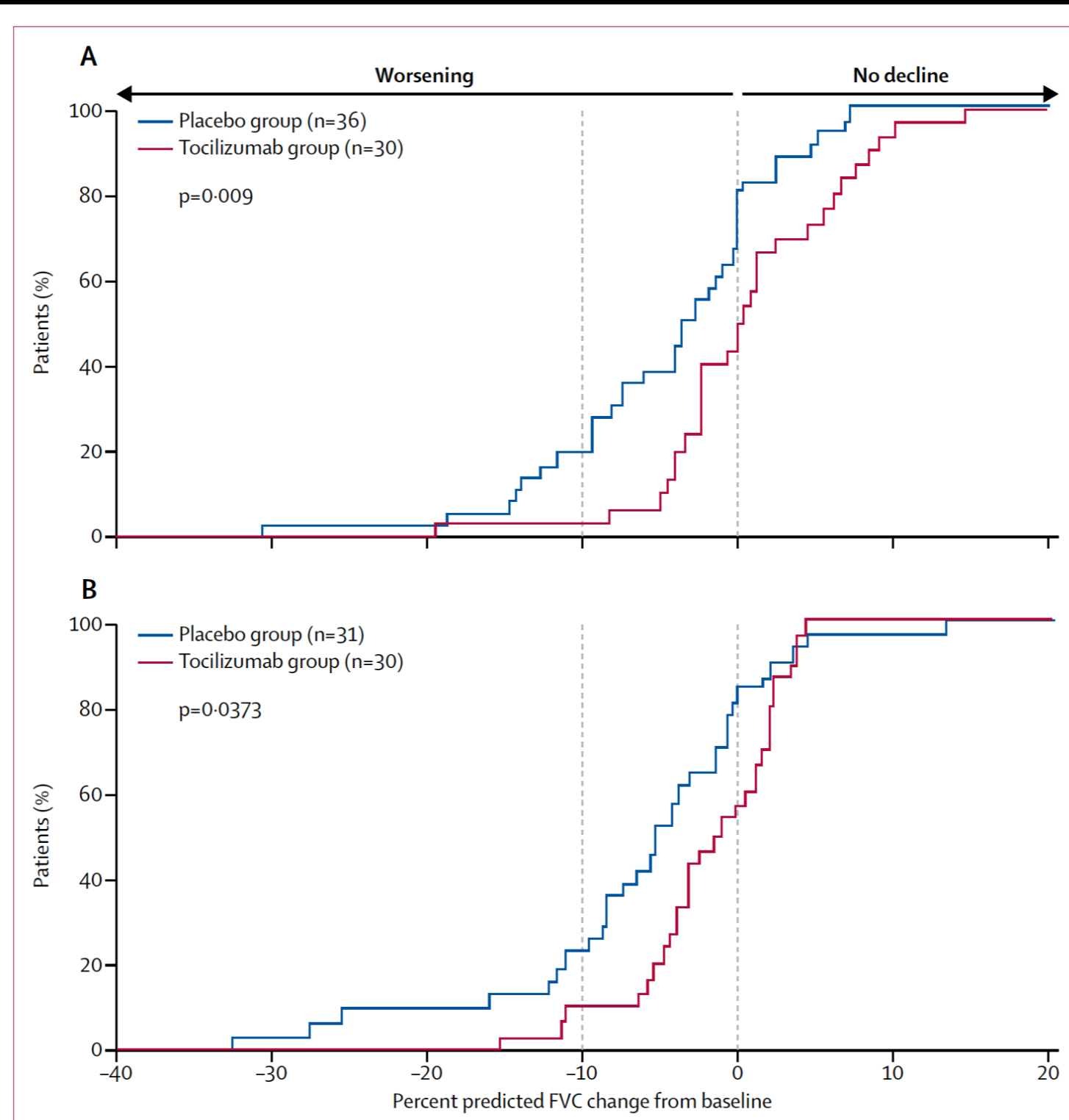
Figure 2: Change (95% CI) from baseline in modified Rodnan skin score

	24 weeks			48 weeks		
	Placebo group (n=44)	Tocilizumab group (n=43)	p value	Placebo group (n=44)	Tocilizumab group (n=43)	p value
Decrease $\geq 20\%$	12 (27%)	16 (37%)	0.36	12 (27%)	17 (40%)	0.26
Decrease $\geq 40\%$	6 (14%)	6 (14%)	1.00	3 (7%)	9 (21%)	0.069
Decrease $\geq 60\%$	2 (5%)	2 (5%)	1.00	0 (0%)	5 (12%)	0.026
Decrease $\geq 4.7$ units	10 (23%)	16 (37%)	0.16	11 (25%)	16 (37%)	0.25

A change of 4.7 or more is deemed clinically important. Patients can be counted more than once. For example, a patient with a 43% improvement would be counted as having had decrease of both more than 20% and more than 40%.

Table 3: Changes from baseline in modified Rodnan skin score

# Επίδραση στη λειτουργία της αναπνοής



**Figure 3: Cumulative distribution of patients by change in percent predicted FVC**

Decline is shown as absolute change in percent predicted FVC. From baseline to 24 weeks (A), and from baseline to 48 weeks (B). FVC=forced vital capacity.

## TCZ: Περισσότερες Ανεπιθύμητες ενέργειες

	Baseline to 24 weeks		Baseline to 48 weeks	
	Placebo group (n=44)	Tocilizumab group (n=43)	Placebo group (n=44)	Tocilizumab group (n=43)
Patients with ≥1 adverse event	40 (91%)	38 (88%)	40 (91%)	42 (98%)
Patients with ≥1 infectious adverse event	18 (41%)	17 (40%)	22 (50%)	24 (56%)
Patients with injection site reactions	1 (2%)*	2 (5%)†	2 (5%)*	3 (7%)†
Patients with ≥1 serious adverse event	11 (25%)	9 (21%)	15 (34%)	14 (33%)
Patients with ≥1 infectious serious adverse event	1 (2%)	6 (14%)	2 (5%)	7 (16%)
Patients with ≥1 non-infectious serious adverse event	10 (23%)	5 (12%)	14 (32%)	10 (23%)
Withdrawals because of an adverse event	5 (11%)	4 (9%)	5 (11%)	6 (14%)
Deaths	1 (2%)	1 (2%)	1 (2%)	3 (7%)
Serious adverse events‡				
Infections and infestations	1 (2%)	6 (14%)	2 (5%)	7 (16%)

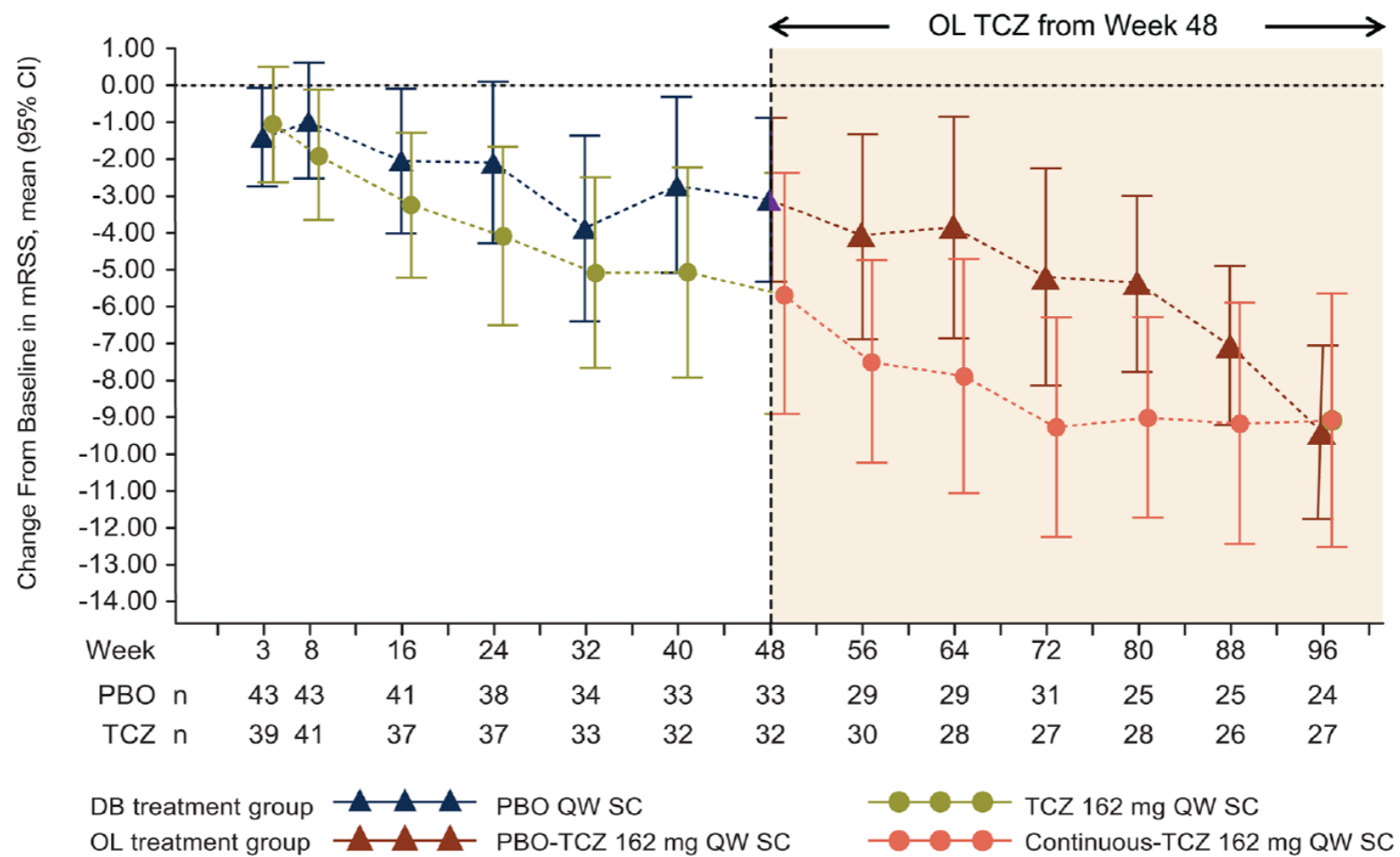
## EXTENDED REPORT

# Safety and efficacy of subcutaneous tocilizumab in systemic sclerosis: results from the open-label period of a phase II randomised controlled trial (faSScinate)

Dinesh Khanna,<sup>1</sup> Christopher P Denton,<sup>2</sup> Celia J F Lin,<sup>3</sup> Jacob M van Laar,<sup>4</sup> Tracy M Frech,<sup>5</sup> Marina E Anderson,<sup>6</sup> Murray Baron,<sup>7</sup> Lorinda Chung,<sup>8</sup> Gerhard Fierlbeck,<sup>9</sup> Santhanam Lakshminarayanan,<sup>10</sup> Yannick Allanore,<sup>11</sup> Janet E Pope,<sup>12</sup> Gabriela Riemekasten,<sup>13</sup> Virginia Steen,<sup>14</sup> Ulf Müller-Ladner,<sup>15</sup> Helen Spotswood,<sup>16</sup> Laura Burke,<sup>16</sup> Jeffrey Siegel,<sup>3</sup> Angelika Jahreis,<sup>3</sup> Daniel E Furst<sup>17</sup>

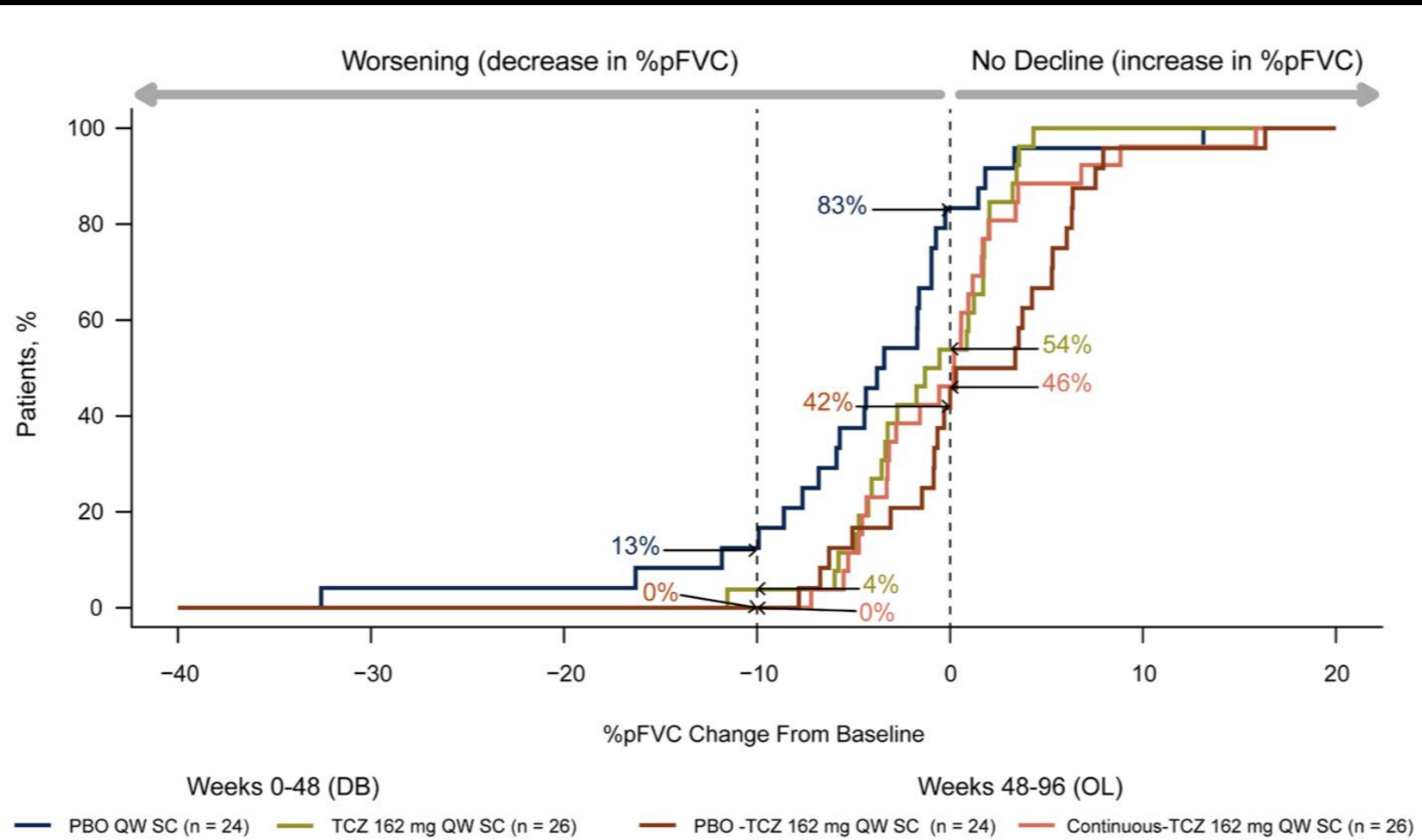


# TCZ 96wk: Επίδραση στο Δέρμα



Wk	PBO		TCZ	
	Mean (SD) [95% CI] change from BL	Mean (SD) [95% CI] observed score	Mean (SD) [95% CI] change from BL	Mean (SD) [95% CI] observed score
24	-2.1 (6.7) [-4.3, 0.1]	23.2 (9.3) [20.2, 26.3]	-4.1 (7.3) [-6.5, -1.7]	21.8 (9.9) [18.5, 25.1]
48	-3.1 (6.3) [-5.4, -0.9]	22.3 (8.1) [19.4, 25.1]	-5.6 (9.1) [-8.9, -2.4]	19.6 (10.1) [15.9, 23.2]
72	-5.2 (7.9) [-8.1, -2.3]	19.8 (8.0) [16.9, 22.7]	-9.3 (7.5) [-12.2, -6.3]	16.0 (9.1) [12.4, 19.7]
96	-9.4 (5.6) [-11.8, -7.0]	15.3 (7.6) [12.1, 18.6]	-9.1 (8.7) [-12.5, -5.6]	16.2 (9.8) [12.3, 20.1]

# TCZ 96wk: Επίδραση στη λειτουργία της αναπνοής

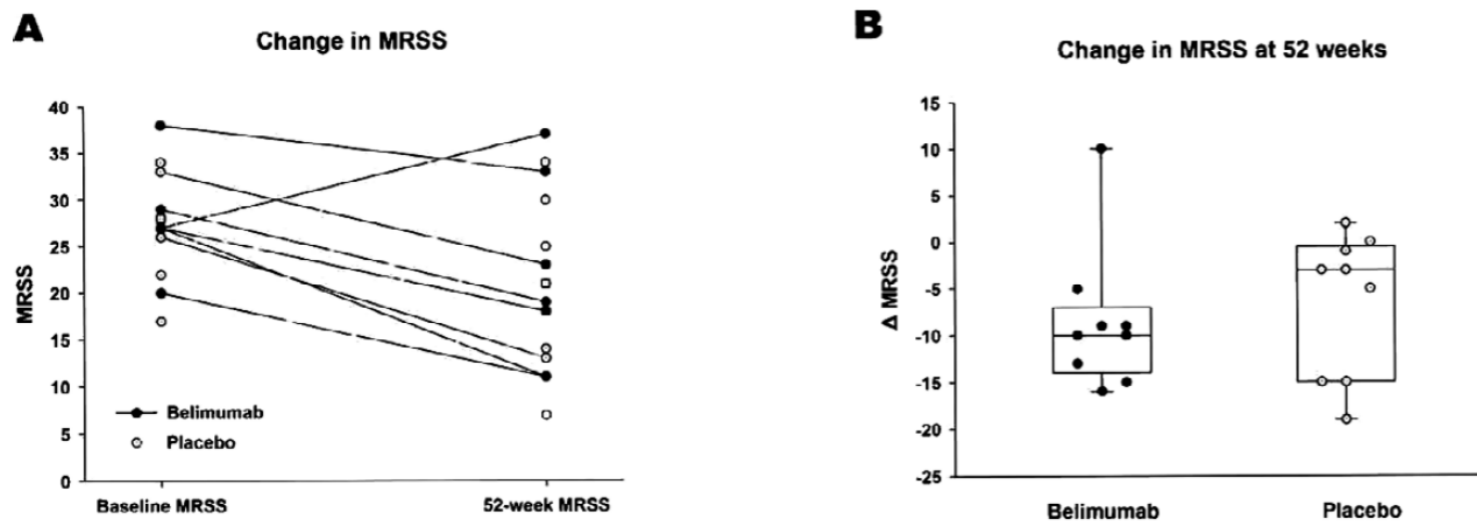


	Weeks 0-48 (DB)		Weeks 48-96 (OL)	
	PBO QW SC (n = 24)	TCZ 162 mg QW SC (n = 26)	PBO-TCZ 162 mg QW SC (n = 24)	Continuous-TCZ 162 mg QW SC (n = 26)
%pFVC change from baseline, n (%) [95% CI]				
Absolute decrease >0	20 (83) [63, 95]	14 (54) [33, 73]	10 (42) [22, 63]	12 (46) [27, 67]
Absolute decrease >10%	3 (13) [3, 32]	1 (4) [0, 20]	0 (0) [0, 14]	0 (0) [0, 13]

## Belimumab for the Treatment of Early Diffuse Systemic Sclerosis

Results of a Randomized, Double-Blind, Placebo-Controlled, Pilot Trial

Jessica K. Gordon<sup>1</sup>, Viktor Martyanov,<sup>2</sup> Jennifer M. Franks,<sup>2</sup> Elana J. Bernstein,<sup>3</sup> Jackie Szymonifka,<sup>3</sup> Cynthia Magro,<sup>4</sup> Horatio F. Wildman,<sup>4</sup> Tammara A. Wood,<sup>2</sup> Michael L. Whitfield,<sup>2</sup> and Robert F. Spiera<sup>1</sup>



**Table 2.** Change in primary and secondary end points at 52 weeks\*

	Belimumab + MMF (n = 9)	Placebo + MMF (n = 9)
MRSS, 0–51	–10 (–13, –9)	–3.0 (–15, –1)
SHAQ DI score, 0–3	–0.25 (–0.38, –0.25)†	0.00 (–0.13, 0.13)
VAS pain score, 0–150 mm	–10.5 (–40.5, 6.5)	–1.0 (–32.0, 0.0)
VAS RP score, 0–150 mm	–30.0 (–40.0, –14.0)‡	0.0 (–7.0, 22.0)
VAS ulcers score, 0–150 mm	–12.0 (–38.0, 1.0)	0.0 (–7.5, 4.0)
VAS breathing score, 0–150 mm	2.0 (0.0, 7.0)	0.0 (–7.0, 3.0)
VAS overall score, 0–150 mm	–14.0 (–29.0, –9.00)	–10.0 (–40.0, –6.0)
SF-36 MCS score, 0–100	7.50 (2.50, 18.50)	3.00 (0.00, 10.00)
SF-36 PCS score, 0–100	8.00 (–3.50, 19.00)	–3.00 (–3.00, 27.00)
PGA, 0–10	–4.43 (–8.05, –0.90)	–1.67 (–2.87, –0.90)
FVC, % predicted	5.00 (0.00, 8.00)	–2.00 (–6.00, 4.00)
DLco, % predicted§	2.00 (–7.00, 7.00)	0.00 (–6.00, 7.00)
CRISS score	0.61 (0.34, 0.88)	0.03 (<0.001, 0.80)

\* Values are the median (interquartile range). MMF = mycophenolate mofetil; CRISS = composite response index in diffuse cutaneous systemic sclerosis (see Table 1 for other definitions).

†  $P = 0.042$  versus placebo + MMF.

‡  $P = 0.029$  versus placebo + MMF.

§ Adjusted for hemoglobin level.

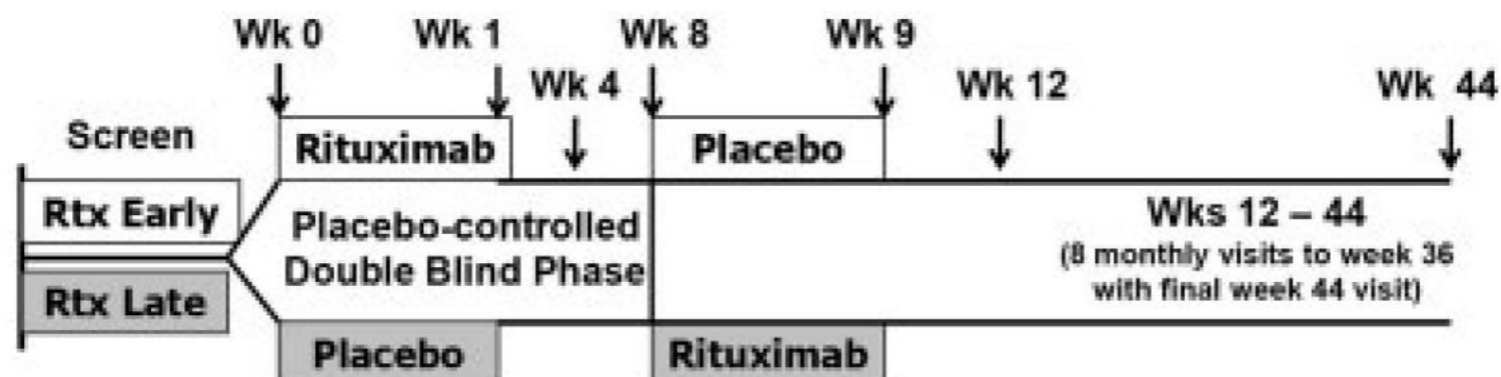
# Φλεγμονώδεις μυοπάθειες

ARTHRITIS & RHEUMATISM  
Vol. 65, No. 2, February 2013, pp 314–324  
DOI 10.1002/art.37754  
© 2013, American College of Rheumatology

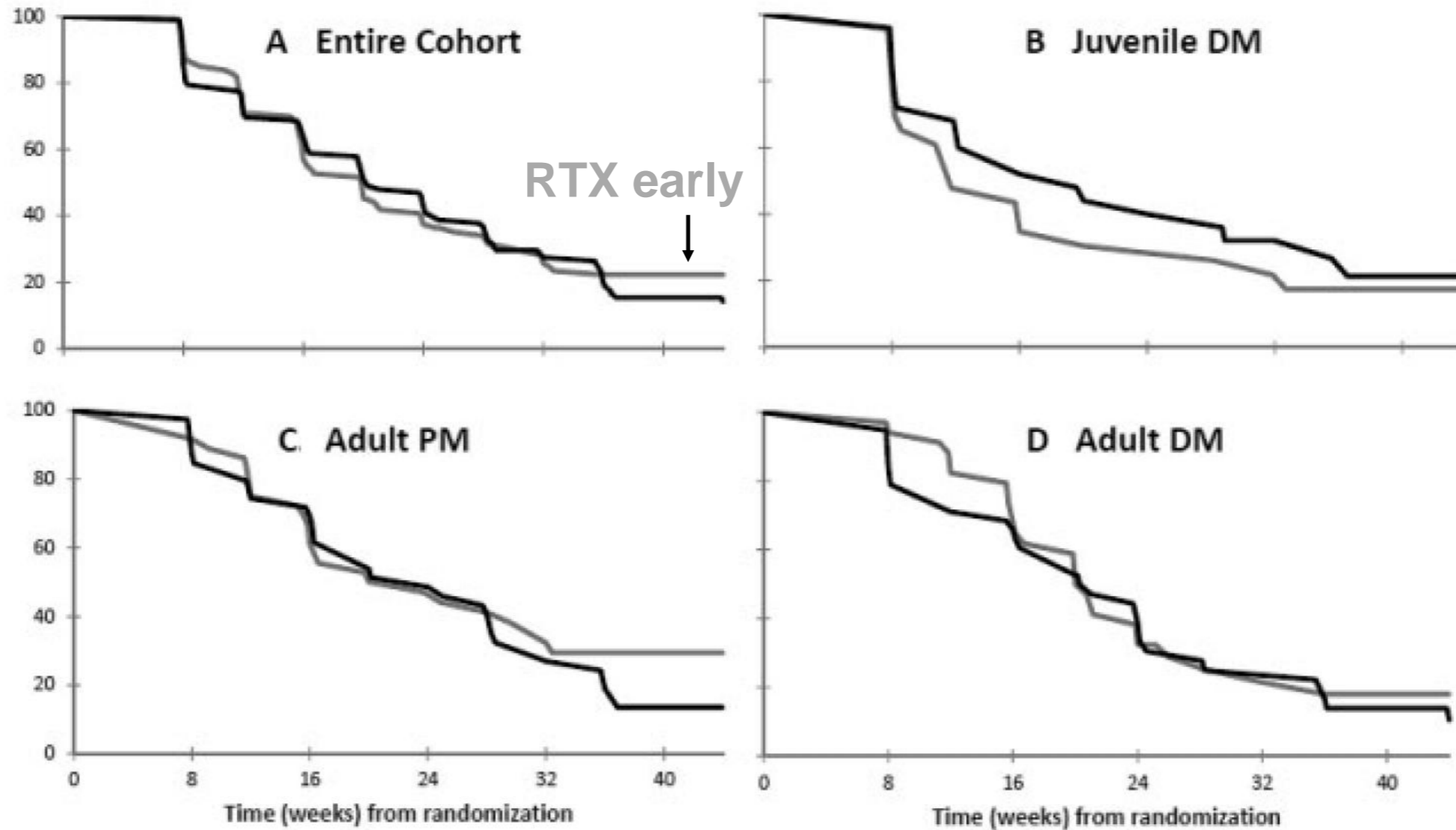
## Rituximab in the Treatment of Refractory Adult and Juvenile Dermatomyositis and Adult Polymyositis

A Randomized, Placebo-Phase Trial

Chester V. Oddis,<sup>1</sup> Ann M. Reed,<sup>2</sup> Rohit Aggarwal,<sup>1</sup> Lisa G. Rider,<sup>3</sup> Dana P. Ascherman,<sup>4</sup>  
Marc C. Levesque,<sup>1</sup> Richard J. Barohn,<sup>5</sup> Brian M. Feldman,<sup>6</sup> Michael O. Harris-Love,<sup>7</sup>  
Diane C. Koontz,<sup>1</sup> Noreen Fertig,<sup>1</sup> Stephanie S. Kelley,<sup>1</sup> Sherrie L. Pryber,<sup>8</sup>  
Frederick W. Miller,<sup>3</sup> Howard E. Rockette,<sup>1</sup> and the RIM Study Group



## Ποσοστά ασθενών που ΑΠΟΤΥΓΧΑΝΟΥΝ (RTX σε ασθενείς με Φλ. Μυοπάθειες)



*The* NEW ENGLAND JOURNAL *of* MEDICINE

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

# Mepolizumab or Placebo for Eosinophilic Granulomatosis with Polyangiitis

M.E. Wechsler, P. Akuthota, D. Jayne, P. Khoury, A. Klion, C.A. Langford,  
P.A. Merkel, F. Moosig, U. Specks, M.C. Cid, R. Luqmani, J. Brown, S. Mallett,  
R. Philipson, S.W. Yancey, J. Steinfeld, P.F. Weller, and G.J. Gleich,  
for the EGPA Mepolizumab Study Team\*

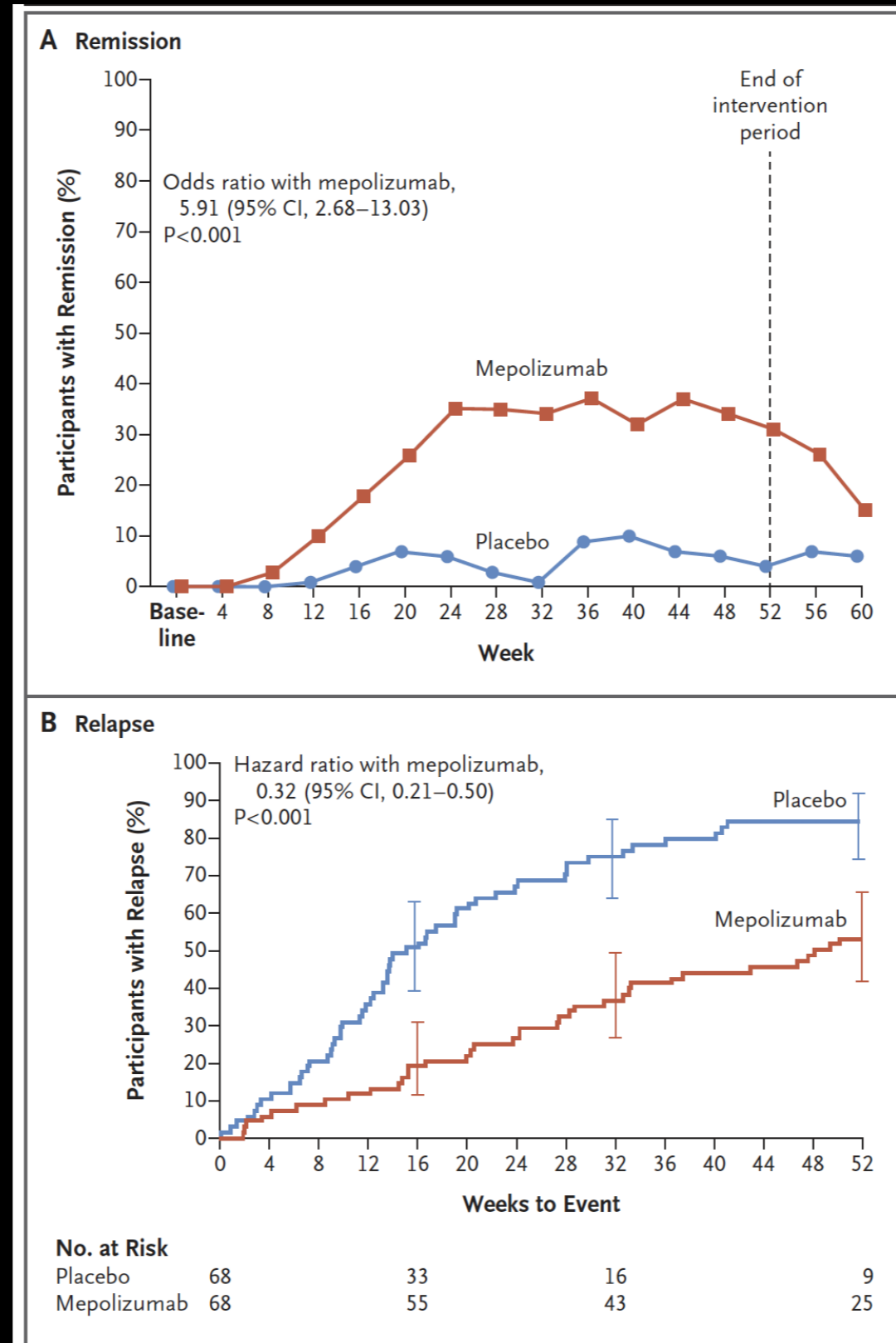
## Mepolizumab vs. Placebo in EGPA: Αποτελεσματικότητα

**Table 2.** Efficacy End Points in the Intention-to-Treat Population.\*

End Point	Mepolizumab (N = 68) <i>no. of participants (%)</i>	Placebo (N = 68) <i>no. of participants (%)</i>	Odds Ratio or Hazard Ratio (95% CI)	P Value
<b>Primary end points</b>				
Accrued weeks of remission over 52-wk period			5.91 (2.68–13.03)	<0.001
0 wk	32 (47)	55 (81)		
>0 to <12 wk	8 (12)	8 (12)		
12 to <24 wk	9 (13)	3 (4)		
24 to <36 wk	10 (15)	0		
≥36 wk	9 (13)	2 (3)		
Remission at wk 36 and wk 48	22 (32)	2 (3)	16.74 (3.61–77.56)	<0.001
<b>Other end points</b>				
Remission within the first 24 wk that was sustained until wk 52	13 (19)	1 (1)	19.65 (2.30–167.93)	0.007
First EGPA relapse	38 (56)	56 (82)	0.32 (0.21–0.50)	<0.001

44% vs. 7% (mepo vs. Placebo) λάμβαναν Πρεδνιζόνη ≤ 4mg/d

# Mepolizumab vs. Placebo in EGPA: Αποτελεσματικότητα





## BRIEF REPORT

# Rituximab for the Treatment of Adult-Onset IgA Vasculitis (Henoch-Schönlein)

Federica Maritati,<sup>1</sup> Roberta Fenoglio,<sup>2</sup> Evangeline Pillebout,<sup>3</sup> Giacomo Emmi,<sup>4</sup> Maria L. Urban,<sup>1</sup> Rossana Rocco,<sup>1</sup> Maria Nicastro,<sup>1</sup> Monia Incerti,<sup>1</sup> Matteo Goldoni,<sup>5</sup> Giorgio Trivioli,<sup>1</sup> Elena Silvestri,<sup>4</sup> Aladdin J. Mohammad,<sup>6</sup> David Jayne,<sup>7</sup> Per Eriksson,<sup>8</sup> Marten Segelmark,<sup>8</sup> Pavel Novikov,<sup>9</sup> Helen Harris,<sup>10</sup> Dario Roccatello,<sup>2</sup> and Augusto Vaglio<sup>1</sup>

